

FIG. 1A

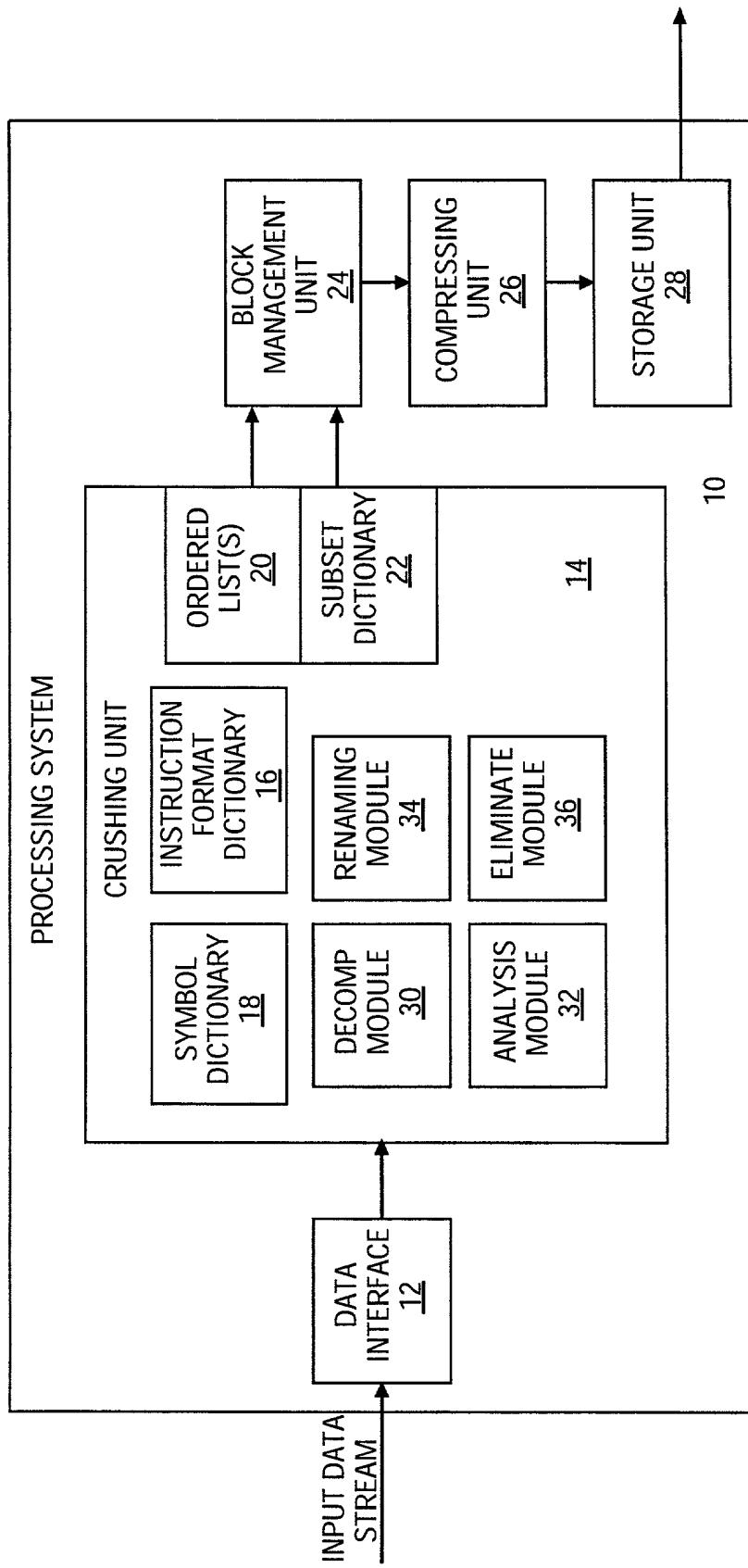
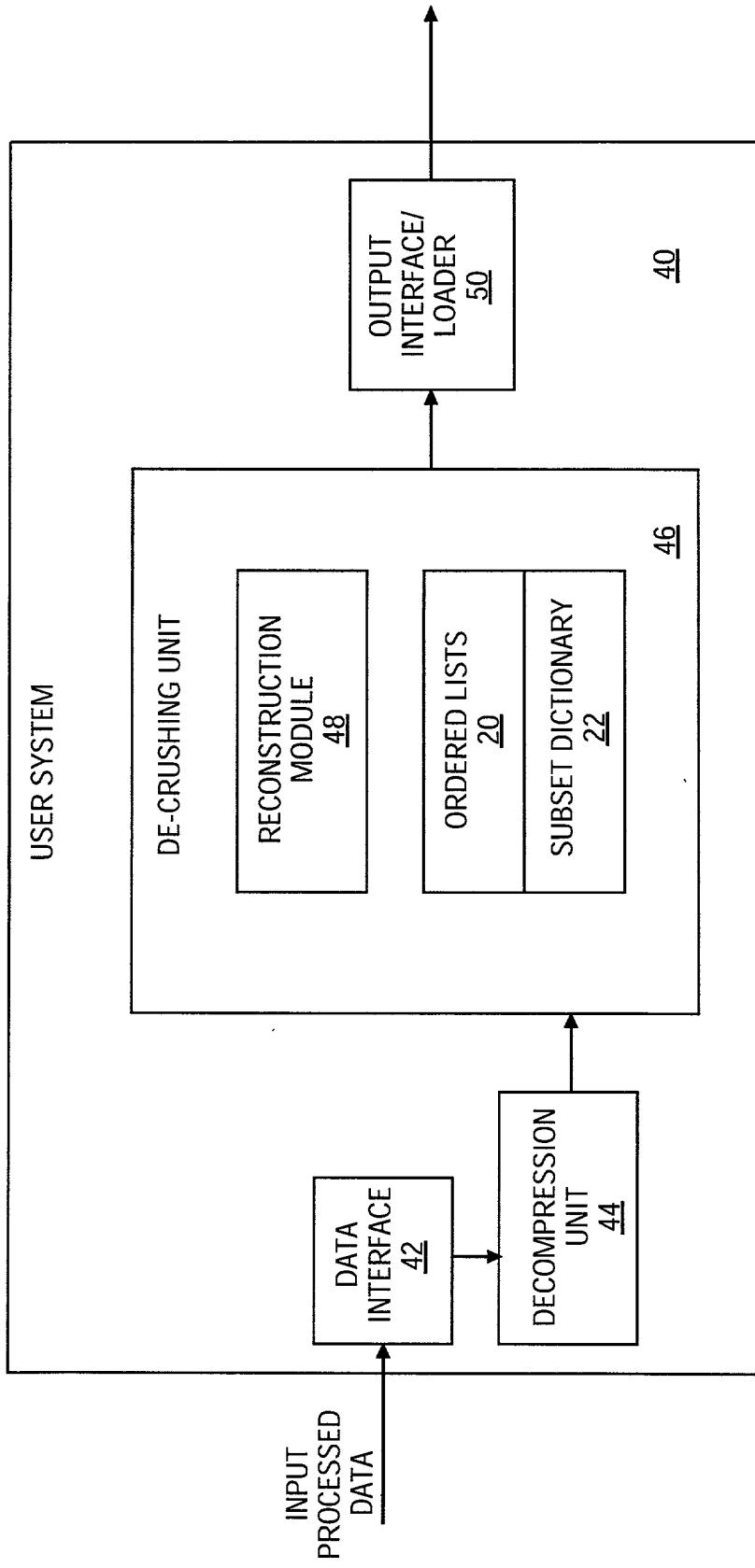


FIG. 1B



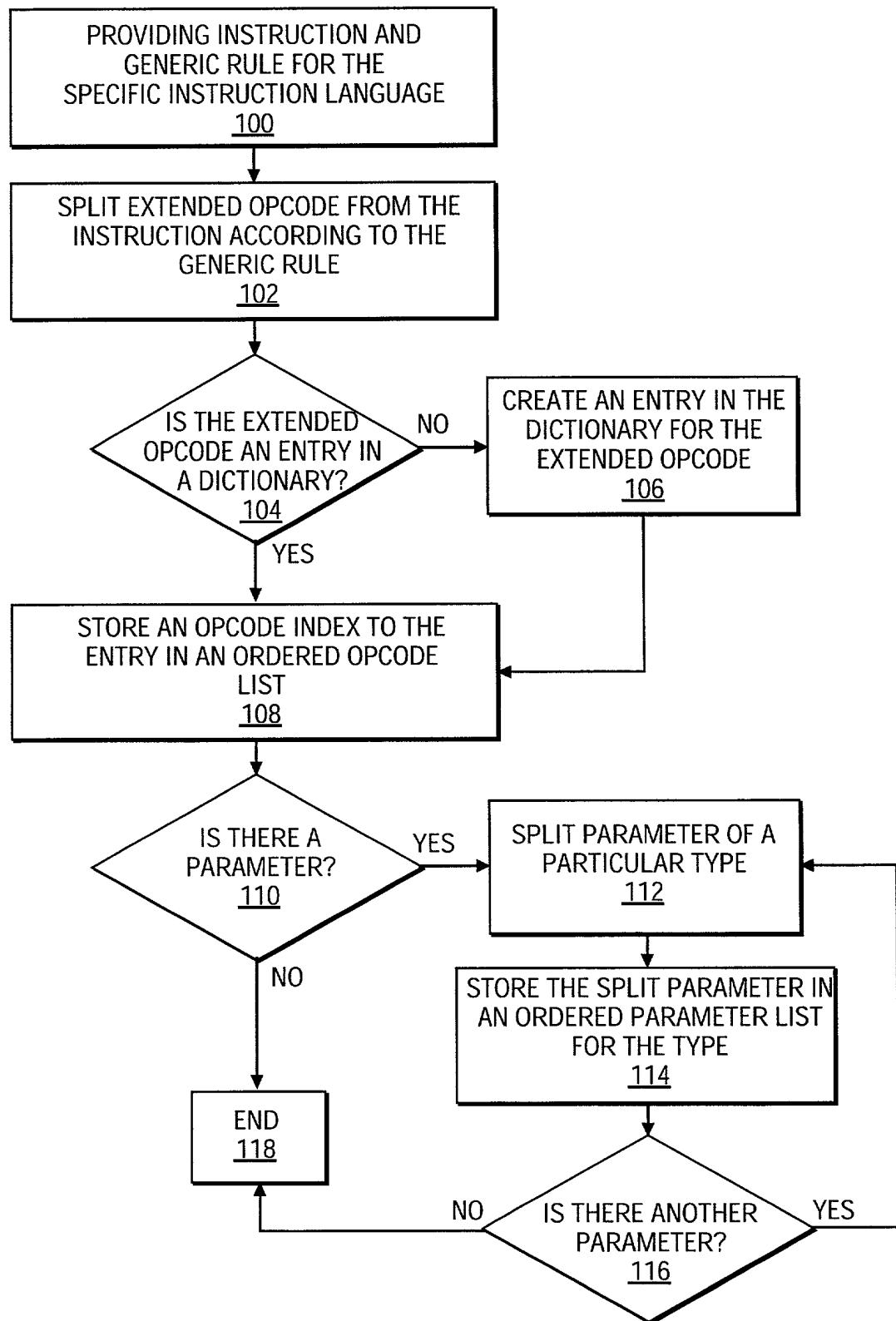


FIG. 2A

00200000000000000000000000000000

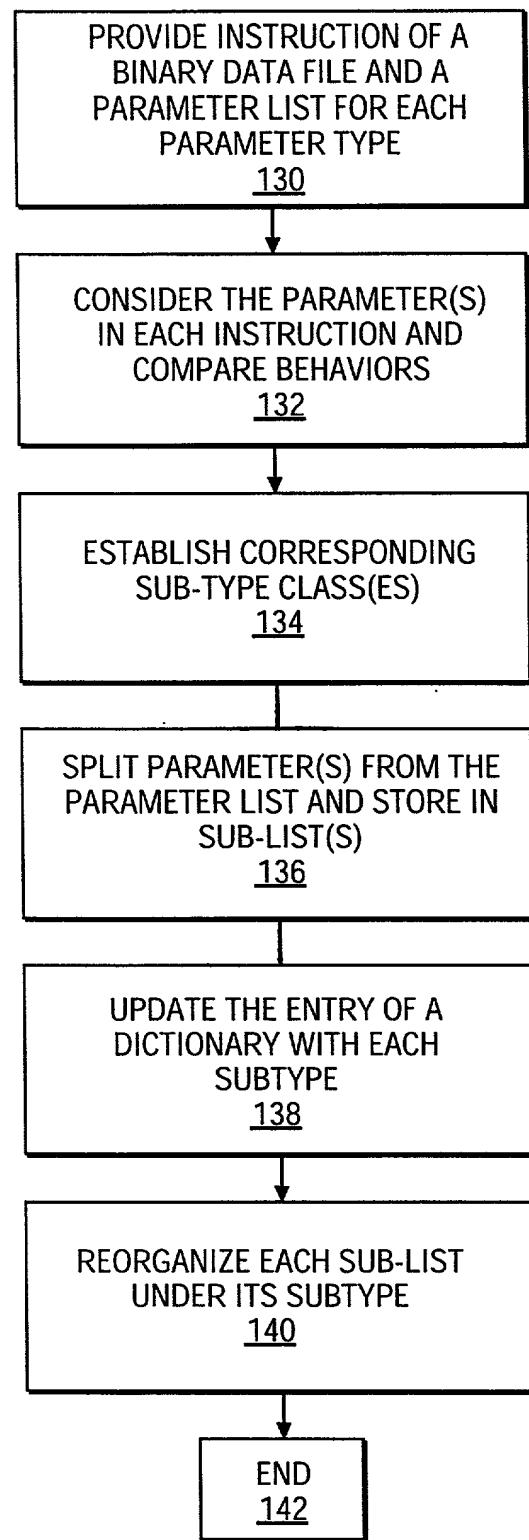


FIG. 2B

ENTRY (INDEX)	PREFIX	OPCODE	MODR/M	PARAMETER TYPE	ANALYSIS DATA
1		01		IMM1, OFFSET 4, SIB	
2		02		IMM1, OFFSET 4, SIB	
3	0 X 64	02	0X6E	IMM1, OFFSET 2	
4	0 X 64, 0 X 66	02	0X6E	IMM1, OFFSET 2	
5		01	0X6E	IMM2, OFFSET 4	

FIG. 3A

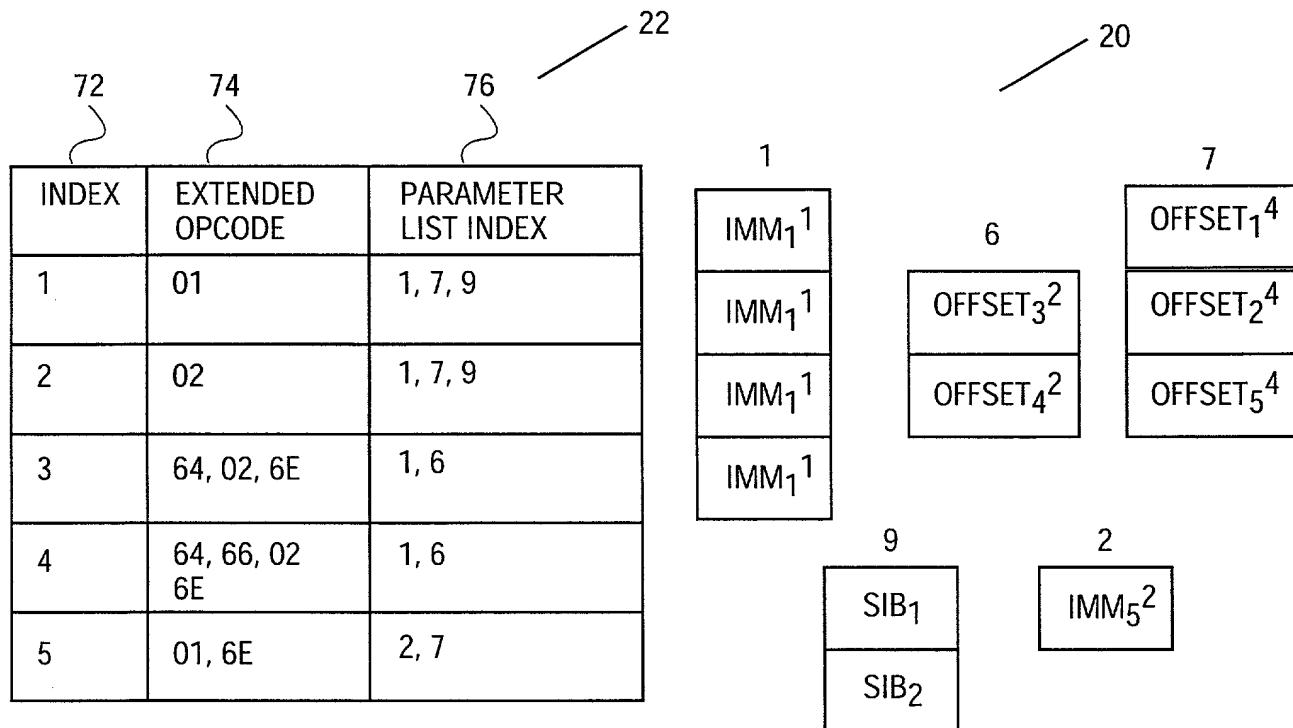


FIG. 3B

FIG. 3C

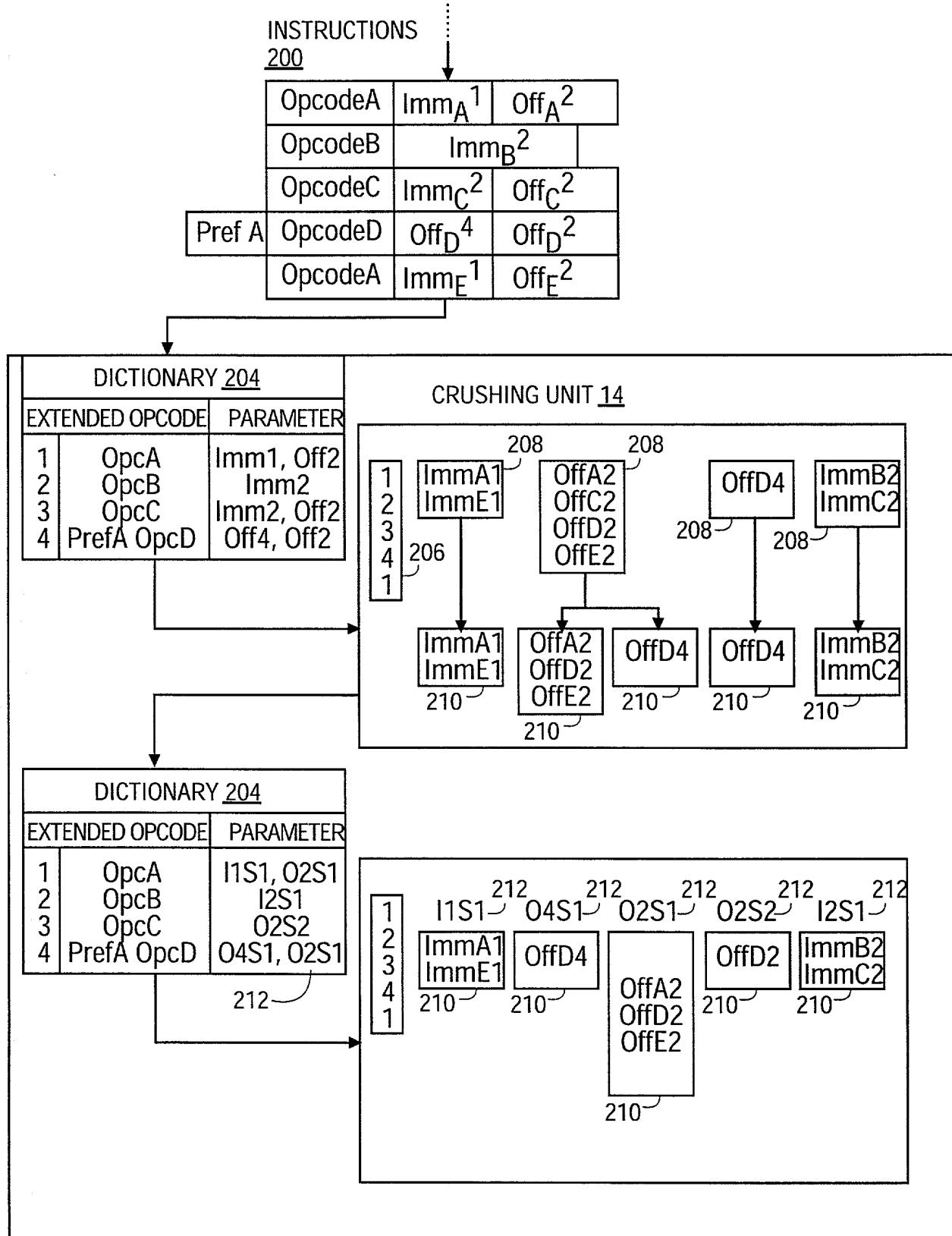


FIG. 4

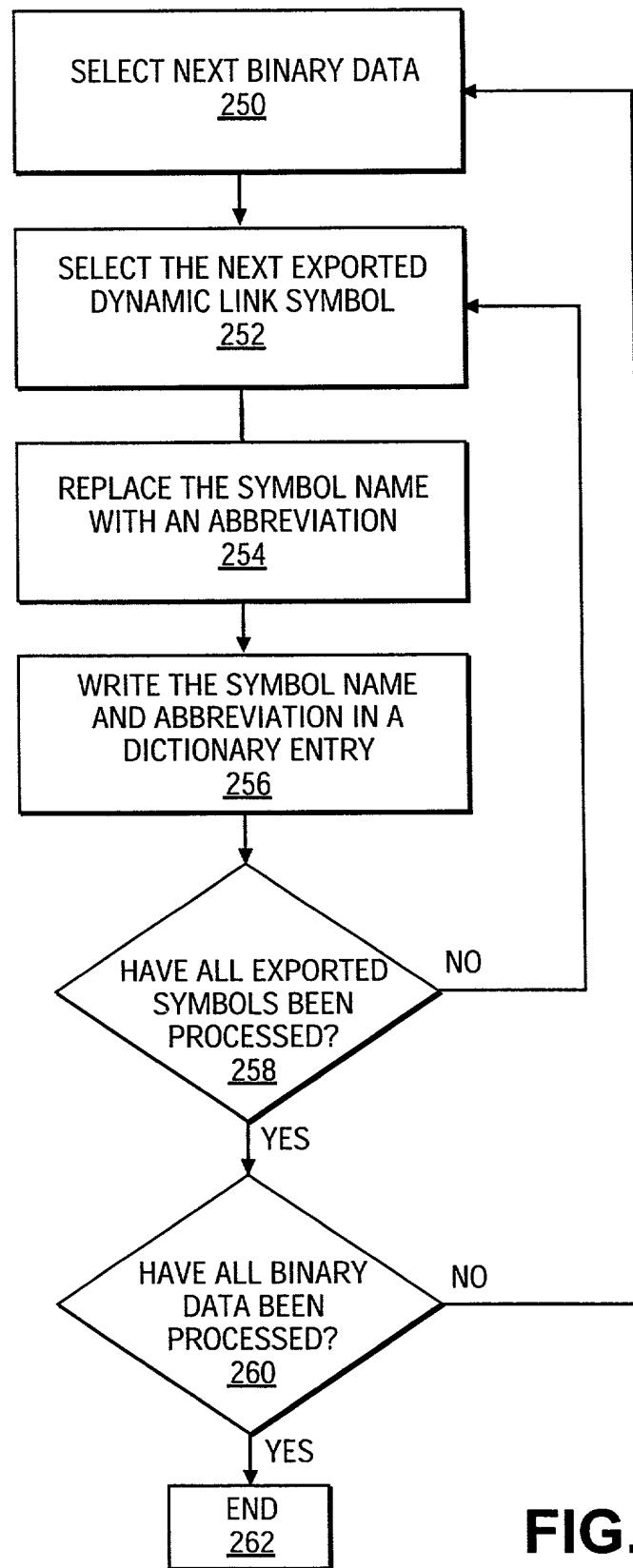


FIG. 5A

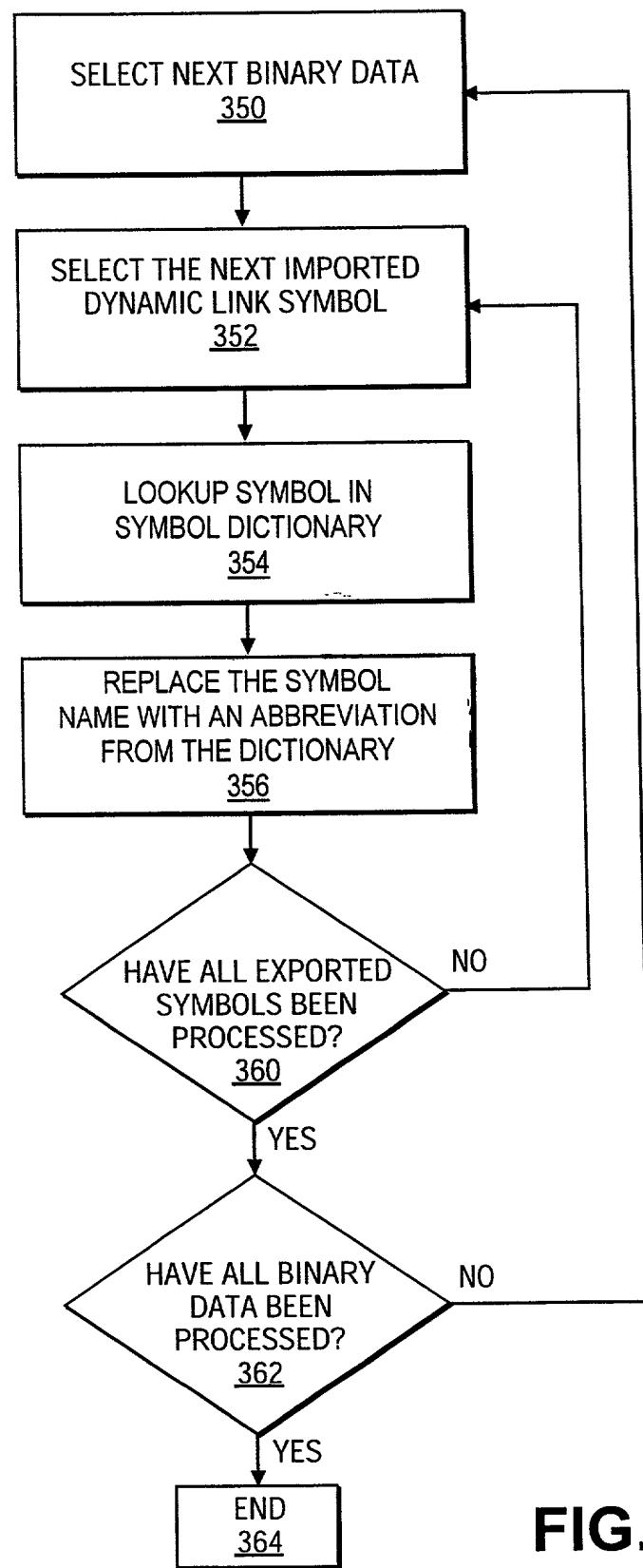


FIG. 5B

The diagram shows a table with four columns. The columns are labeled: 'ENTRY (INDEX)', 'SYMBOL NAME', 'ABBREVIATION', and 'USED?'. The table has five rows, indexed from A to E. Row A contains 'FOO' in the 'SYMBOL NAME' column and '1,1' in the 'ABBREVIATION' column. Row B contains 'VOID' in the 'SYMBOL NAME' column and '1,2' in the 'ABBREVIATION' column. Row C contains 'BAR' in the 'SYMBOL NAME' column and '1,3' in the 'ABBREVIATION' column. Row D contains 'FED' in the 'SYMBOL NAME' column and '1,4' in the 'ABBREVIATION' column. Row E contains 'MAIN' in the 'SYMBOL NAME' column and '1,5' in the 'ABBREVIATION' column. The 'USED?' column is empty for all rows. Four callout lines point to the first four columns: '302' points to the 'ENTRY (INDEX)' column, '304' points to the 'SYMBOL NAME' column, '306' points to the 'ABBREVIATION' column, and '308' points to the 'USED?' column. A large callout line labeled '300' points to the entire table.

ENTRY (INDEX)	SYMBOL NAME	ABBREVIATION	USED?
A	FOO	1,1	X
B	VOID	1,2	X
C	BAR	1,3	
D	FED	1,4	
E	MAIN	1,5	X

FIG. 6

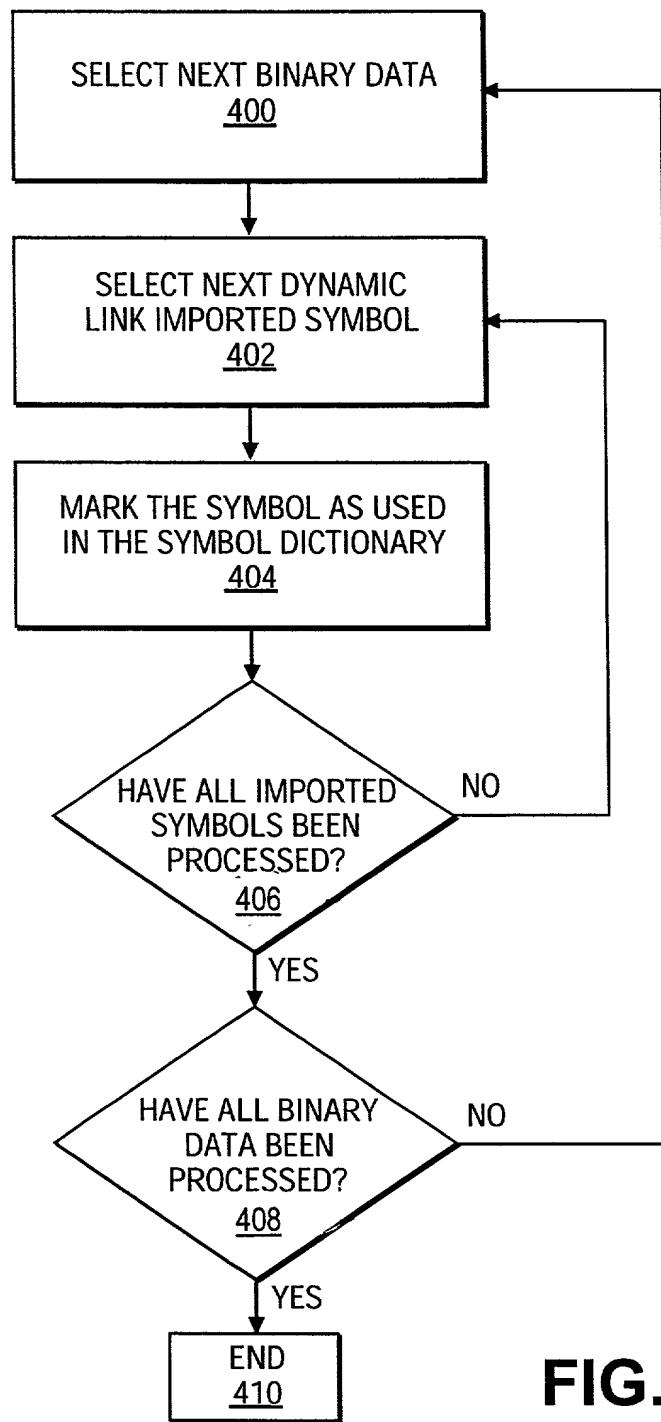


FIG. 7A

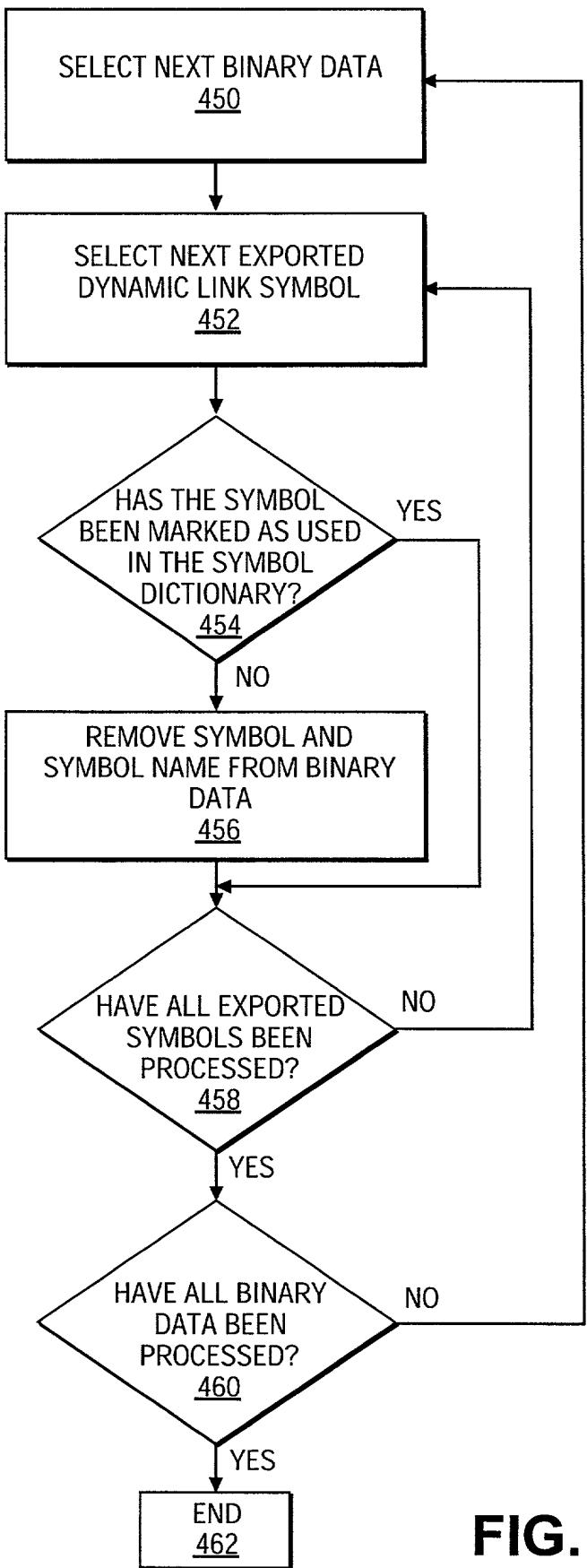


FIG. 7B

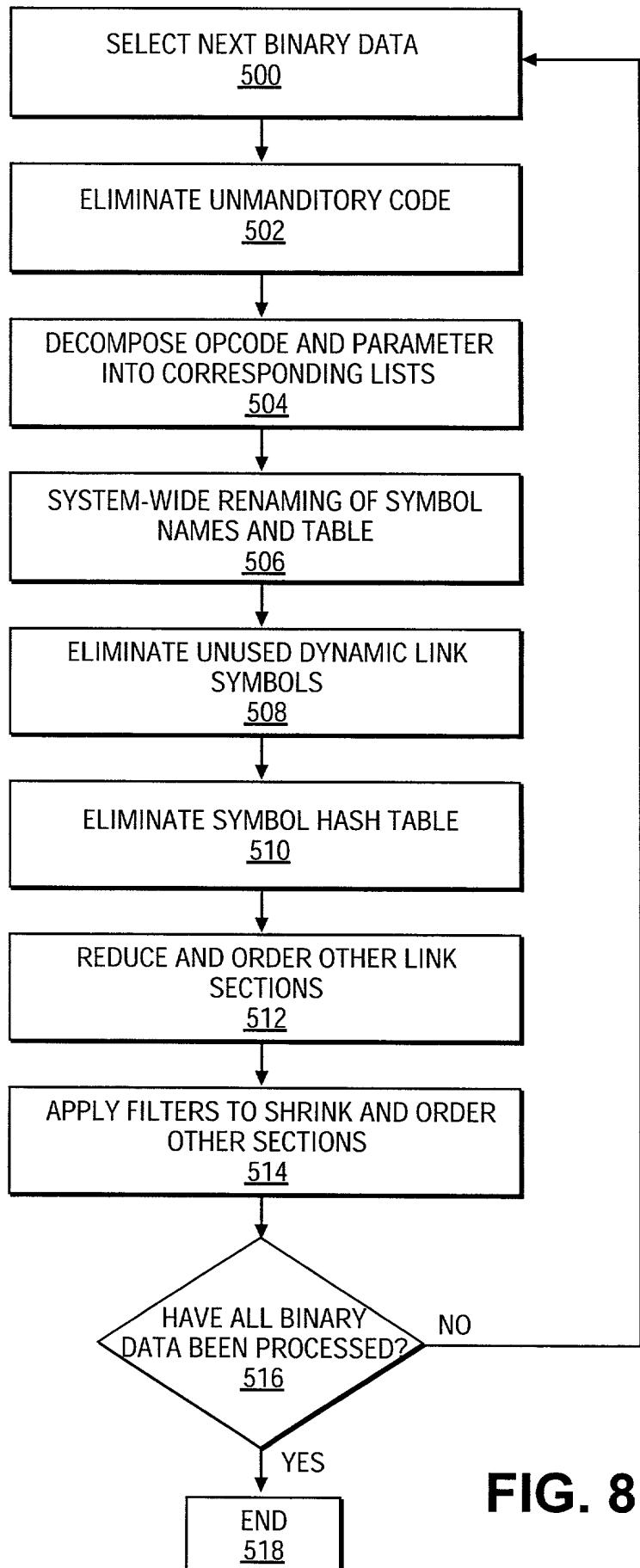


FIG. 8

FIG. 9

